

## THE GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 1886.

Entered at the Post Office at Janesville, Wis., as second-class matter.

It has been the custom of the people of the United States, on a day in each year especially set apart for that purpose by the Civil War, to acknowledge the goodness and mercy of God and to invoke His continued prayer and protection.

In observance of such custom, J. Grover Cleveland, President of the United States, do hereby designate and set apart Thursday, the 8th day of November, to be observed as a day of Thanksgiving and prayer.

On that day let all our people forego their accustomed employments, and assemble in the usual places of worship to give thanks to the Ruler of the universe for their continued care, and for the blessing of a free government, for the general business prosperity throughout our land, for the return which was rewarded the labor of those who till the soil and for our progress as a people in all that makes a nation great.

And while we contemplate the infinite power of God in earthquake, flood and storm, let the grateful hearts of those who have been shielded from harm through His mercy be turned in sympathy and kindness toward those who have suffered through His visitations. Let us also in the midst of our thanksgiving remember the poor and needy with cheerful alms, so that our services may be deeds of charity, not acceptable in the sight of the Lord.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the city of Washington, this first day of November, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-six, and of the independence of the United States of America the one hundred and eleventh.

JOSEPH CLAYMAN.

By the President: T. F. BARNES, Secretary of State.

The Chicago Railway Age publishes statistics showing that 3,432 miles of main track have been added to the railway system of the United States since January 1. It is now estimated that the total new railroad mileage for 1886 will not be less than 7,000 miles, surpassing any other year in the history of the country, excepting the two years of extraordinary and unhealthy activity—1881 and 1882.

The gold coinage of the year amounted to \$24,077,830, against \$34,801,123 in 1885. The silver coinage of the year aggregated \$30,023,347, against \$28,548,958 for the year preceding. Of this vast total of silver coinage, all but about \$200,000 was standard silver dollars. The grand total of coinage for the year 1886 was \$3,384,623 pieces valued at \$94,117,105. The estimated value of all coin and coin material in the United States at the close of the year is as follows: Gold coin, \$548,820,001; silver coin, \$908,784,223; gold bullion (owned by the government), \$42,454,430; silver bullion (owned by the government), \$3,408,630; total available stock of coinage of the United States, \$903,027,301, of which \$590,774,461 is gold.

The New York Sun, which is democratic, of course, prints the following headlines over a telegram announcing that Colonel Vilas took a hand in Wisconsin politics:

**HALLUO AGAIN!**

POSTMASTER-GENERAL VILAS AND COL. BRANT MAKING POLITICS HUM IN MADISON—WHERE IS THE HAND OF THE WATCHFUL REFORMER?

Yes, where is the hand of the watchful reformer? That is the question. In support of the fact that Colonel Vilas is an offensive partisan, the Oshkosh Times, democratic, has this to say: "It is a notorious fact that the Vilas Democracy of Wisconsin has been hunting in squads during the campaign just over. The silk stocking element in the democratic party has made a desperate effort for the legislature with the end in view of turning it over to Mr. Vilas on a silver platter."

In response to an order issued by a member of the executive committee of the Knights of Labor, the 20,000 men employed in the Chicago stock yards and the establishments connected therewith, left their work at 3 o'clock Saturday afternoon. The cause of the trouble is, that last May the packers consented to make a trial of the eight hour day, but now insist that the eight hour day must not be worked and their men must hereafter work ten hours. The active competition on the part of Kansas City and Cincinnati, where the ten hour system prevails, places Chicago packers at a manifest disadvantage, and the old hands must be resorted to or the Chicago stock yards must close and move elsewhere. Now that the struggle between the men and their employers has become general, a protracted disturbance of their mutual relations may be safely anticipated. In the end, the men must surely lose for the packers can far better afford to allow their houses and yards to remain inactive than to longer conduct business on a losing basis.

A writer in the Evening Wisconsin has this to say about Henry C. Payne and "Eod" Taylor:

"I'll tie to Henry Payne every time," exclaimed an old republican campaigner, at the Wisconsin street headquarters, on Tuesday night. Taylor and those other fellows in there," pointing to the door of the sanatorium, from which the click of the telegraph instrument could be faintly heard, "are before the stocks of battle as fairly cleared away. I hear now that they put Bask down for from 6,000 to 10,000 plurality, and Henry Payne is striking out confidently for 20,000. His figures will be the nearest right, as if they were not. The same thing happened on election night two years ago, when the Blaine returns were coming in. I tell you Payne can figure things down fine, and he has got the sense to back his estimates. It must be because he is not a betting man, and that fears for his pocket do not rattle his head."

There are a good many republicans who will concur in this opinion. Payne is a good general in a campaign, is unselfish, always hopeful, and never blunders.

O. M. Butt, of Vernon county, was a republican for many years. When he

failed to get all the offices he wanted, he turned democrat, and during the last campaign ran for the assembly on the democratic ticket. A dispatch from Virgo to the Milwaukee Sentinel, contains this paragraph:

O. M. Butt, in his assembly campaign, went from town to town, telling the people that the republicans had abandoned Gov. Bask as unworthy of support, and were directing their whole attention to the legislature. How he is ever going to face these people again is a mystery to the people here. Convicted by his own letter of misrepresenting Gov. Bask, overwhelmingly defeated in his race for the assembly, not having lost the respect of good men of all parties, his condition is indeed a pitiable one. This ending of what might have been a honorable political career is a sad lesson to other politicians that they should not fail to heed.

Several other politicians of ambition who lack character, have gone the way of Mr. Butt. It is a fitting rebuke to such political methods. The recent campaign was a disgrace on the part of democratic papers and many democratic leaders. They fought it without honor, and without decency, and have not their reward.

Can anyone give a reason why Postmaster General Vilas should not be removed? During the latter part of the summer the president issued an order directing that persons holding positions under the government should not take an active part in politics. It was considered at the time by republicans that the order was a campaign document to please the mugwumps, and it possible to make the country believe that the president was really in earnest in the matter of civil service reform. The president did go so far as to remove two officials for meddling with politics—one republican and one democrat. The democrat was District Attorney Benton, of Missouri, who was removed for making political speeches. This was all right, but why make fish of one and flesh of another? Senator Vest, of Missouri, paid his respects to the president on Saturday, and had power on the removal of Benton. Of course, Senator Vest is not a civil service reformer, but he believes if Mr. Benton was removed from office for making political speeches, that the postmaster general should likewise be removed for not only making political speeches but for doing the dirtiest kind of dirty political work, and he gave the president his very forcible language. The president heard the charges against Mr. Vilas, but did not give the senator any hope that he would make his rule in Benton's case work in Vilas's case. So it seems that the presidential order was issued for simply appearance sake. It is intended to apply, at times, to officious office holders of not much influence, but to be of no effect as regards members of the cabinet who are supposed to have considerable influence.

**SOME GOOD WORK.**

The people over in Sioux City, Iowa, are getting down to business in the matter of prosecuting the violators of the temperance law in that state. Ever since the prohibitory law was adopted, it has been practically a dead letter. In some of the rural districts it was enforced, but in the larger cities, especially those bordering on the Mississippi, it was totally ignored. One man went to Iowa to do what he deemed was his duty, and in the attempt to enforce one of the laws of the state, he was assassinated. Since then the people of Sioux City have come to the conclusion that their business is to carry on the work in which Haddock lost his life. The saloon men have been followed, injunctions have been issued to restrain them from selling liquor and this remarkable decree has been issued by Judge Lewis, the first of its kind ever issued in Iowa. After providing that all costs shall become a lien on the property on which liquor is sold and which has been decided to be nuisance, the decree says:

And it is further ordered that the said nuisance be abated by the sheriff of Woodbury county, Ia., by seizing and destroying the liquor thereon and removing the same and all movable property used in or about the premises in carrying on the unlawful business of selling intoxicating liquors in violation of law, and that said property so seized be sold in the same manner provided for the sale of chattels under execution and by securely closing the said building, erection or place as against the use or occupation of the same for saloon purposes and keeping the same securely closed for the period of one year, unless sooner released as provided by law."

Now this is business. It means that the law shall be enforced, and if necessary the liquor shall be destroyed and all furniture and fixtures of saloons sold. This is an extraordinary measure, but it is an extraordinary time. The men who are fast making criminals and breeding drunkards, have defied the law and went so far as to commit murder that they might have revenge against him who had the courage to stand up for law and order.

The saloons in Iowa must go. They will go, or the law will stand as monument of disgrace to the people of Iowa. The law in Iowa is that saloons shall not be opened and that liquor shall not be sold within the borders of that state. It is no time to discuss the question as to whether the prohibitory law is just or not. It is the law of the state and should be enforced, and Judge Lewis is doing some good work to enforce it.

**What True Herit Will Do.**

The unprecedented sale of Boschee's German Syrup within a few years, has astonished the world. It is without doubt the safest and best remedy ever discovered for the speedy and effectual cure of Coughs, Colds and the severest Lung troubles. It acts on an entirely different principle from the usual prescriptions given by physicians, as it does not dry up a Cough and leave the distress still in the system, but on the contrary removes the cause of the trouble, thus the parts affected and leaves them in a purely healthy condition. A bottle kept in the house for use when the dis-

eases make their appearance, will save doctor's bills and a long spell of serious illness. A trial will convince you of these facts. It is positively sold by all druggists and general dealers in the land. Price 75 cts. large bottles.

## IN CASE OF A ROW,

AS A DEVELOPMENT OF THE STOCK YARDS STRIKE,

Governor Oglesby Orders Out a Regiment of the State Militia—The Knight of Labor Committee Calls Out All the Workmen—Barry Again on Hand—Powderly Non-Committal.

CHICAGO, Nov. 8.—The stock yards strike took a new and decisive turn Saturday. During the forenoon the executive committee of the Knights of Labor called upon the men to work on the eight-hour plan at a reduction of 10 per cent in wages of skilled employees and some changes in the wages of laborers. This was promptly rejected, on the ground that the workers had determined on working their business ten hours a day and that most of the men were satisfied with the present arrangement. The K. of L. committee then decided to order all the men out in a body, and an order was immediately issued for the men to stop work. The men at the International were the first to go out, and then followed those in Butcher's, Silverman's, Halstead's, Arnold & Haily's, Fowler Bros., Donnelly's, and all the other quick success firms. The men generally went out in bodies, though some of them, hearing that the order had been decided upon, quit work without waiting to have it officially announced to them. Numbers of Armour's men, like many of the best laborers, paid little attention to the order when first issued, but continued to work on up to near the regular quitting hour. Then they did not leave in a body so as to convey the impression that they had struck, but in small crowds. The number of men out is variously estimated at from 15,000 to 25,000.

Anticipating serious trouble at the stock yards on account of the strike, Sheriff Hancock went to Springfield and had a conference with Governor Oglesby and Adjutant General Vance. The sheriff informed these gentlemen that he had no confidence in his ability to preserve order at the stock yards or to protect the property there with the force of special deputies, which had been sworn in for that purpose, as it was likely many of them would be in sympathy with the strikers, and he therefore desired the aid of the militia. The conference lasted for some time, and the governor was thoroughly dissatisfied. Governor Oglesby and Adjutant General Vance were at last entirely satisfied that the militia was necessary to protect the stock yards, and an order was issued to Brigadier Gen. Pittsford, commanding the First Brigade state militia, stationed in Chicago, to have the First and Second Regiments report at their armories Monday at 7 o'clock for duty at the stock yards.

The only important development Sunday was the arrival of E. J. Barry from Saginaw. Mr. Barry attended the meeting of the dissatisfied men at Germania hall, on Halstead and Thirty-fourth streets, in the afternoon, and in the evening was seen at the Transit house. In answer to the inquiry as to the present trouble here, he said he was at present investigating the various causes which led to it, and at present could not speak intelligently on the intricate question.

P. D. Armour visited his houses Sunday looking up things in general. He was at his new house when a press representative met him. "Will you start up to-morrow?" was asked. "Oh, yes. We will start up to-morrow, and we will settle this strike this time. We will settle this striking business among our own hands. We have got tired of strikes Monday before breakfast, and we will never have another one of them."

"Where will you get the men to start up with?" "I can't tell until to-morrow. When my boys get hold of this business they will not have men strike and give continuous trouble. These houses are going to run."

A number of Armour & Co.'s men disregarded the order issued by the executive committee Saturday, and returned to work Sunday. Both bar houses were running, and a number of cattle were killed. The coal buyers, however, quit. The teamsters also quit, but not because they had been ordered out. Fear for their own personal safety was the only cause. P. D. Barry & Co. also slaughtered cattle until the noon hour. Many men were taken in.

**What Powderly Says About It.** PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 8.—Mr. Powderly, being asked Sunday what he knew of the Chicago strike, said: "I have received no information from Chicago. It is a mistake that the general executive board ordered the strike. It was done by the district assembly. As soon as I heard of an intimation of a strike I sent Mr. Barry to Chicago to avert the strike if possible, but he didn't get there in time."

Mr. Powderly declined to go into the merits of the case in the absence of further knowledge of the strike.

**Sued for Importing Contract Labor.** NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 8.—United States District Attorney Stanton has brought suit against the North-Held Knife company, of Middletown, Conn., for \$1,500, penalties for importing alien English laborers under contract. The suit is brought under the law of 1885.

**Ordered to Stay Away from Chicago.** BOSTON, Nov. 8.—The executive board of District No. 10 has issued an order to the Knights of Labor that should call attention to the packing house trouble in Chicago, and forbidding them, under a penalty, to go to Chicago to work in those houses.

**Says He Will "Show Up" the Directors.** MONTREAL, Nov. 8.—Mrs. Hodge, the wife of the defaulting bookkeeper of the Pooria. This bank, arrived here Saturday morning to meet her husband, Assistant Cashier. The latter, in an interview, said that an officer was on his way here from Washington now with the necessary papers for the bank's extradition on a charge of larceny. Hodge says he will fight the extradition proceedings, and says the bank was managed very loosely, and he will show up the directors before he gets through.

**French Delegates On for Home.** NEW YORK, Nov. 8.—A large number of the gentlemen comprising the French delegation to the unveiling of the statue of liberty, sailed for Havre Saturday by the steamer Le Gasconois, of the French line. The party comprised Count Ferdinand De Lesseps and daughter, William James, Desmons, Girard, Charles Bigot, Leon Robert, Leilaiva, Cotu and Yalgou, and Admiral James G. Phelps and Col. De Puy. A large crowd assembled at the company's pier to wish the distinguished party bon voyage.

**Survivor Beattie's Would-Be-Murderer.** NEW YORK, Nov. 8.—Louis Biala, the would-be-assassin of Survivor Beattie, was turned over to the United States authorities Saturday. He will be called upon to plead on December 1. The prisoner now expresses great sorrow for his act, and says he is glad to learn that his victim is improving.

**Then questions of a proper food for infants interests all mothers; especially those unable to nurse their offspring. Mellin's Food possesses all the requisites as a substitute for mother's milk, and is highly commended by the medical faculty of both Europe and America.**

## DOWN WITH ALL HANDS.

LOSS-OF AN UNITED STATES REVENUE CUTTER AT SEA.

She Goes Down Off New Haven, Conn.—Her Struggle with the Hungry Waves—Only Seen by a Few Persons—Twenty-Five Men and Half a Dozen Officers—Found a Grave in Old Ocean.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 8.—The United States steamer Manhattan, Lieutenant Commander Toder in command, foundered and went to the bottom off southwest ledge two miles outside of this harbor at 9:30 o'clock Sunday morning. At the time the vessel sank there was a very heavy sea on, with a fierce gale blowing. The Manhattan came into this harbor some time during Saturday night and anchored in the channel off the yacht club house. Captain Toder, a native of New Haven, was a very capable officer, and his mission in those waters, I think, was on special duty of some character, and he was looking after the harbor, examining and hauling vessels to see that their papers were correctly made out, and that they were engaged in the trade sanctioned by their official papers.

Sunday morning about 4 o'clock three of the officers of the vessel came ashore in a small launch, and left about 5 o'clock. They were on shore about one hour, and after getting the morning papers, went aboard the steamer. Immediately after this the Manhattan got away and headed for the harbor. Captain Toder, an officer of the cutter, says that he noticed the vessel going out of the harbor and set a course to follow her. She then turned half around toward the eastward, and Kane says her condition grew more indolent. He ran to notify the tug office in this city by telephone to send assistance out, but it was too late. The tug office was unable to raise the city, however, and when he returned the vessel was still struggling against both wind and tide. To all appearances the vessel could not be controlled by its wheel. Kane says he saw the vessel about forty feet from a warehouse front to call his employer, and that when he returned, after an absence of not over two minutes, the Manhattan had disappeared from view. Nor a vessel of her size to be seen, either to the naked eye or with the aid of glasses.

Kane's story is corroborated by James Smith, the proprietor of a hotel at South End, on the eastern shore, seven or eight miles from the point where Kane saw the vessel sink. Mr. Smith says that when he first saw her the Manhattan was on her side slipping sea after sea, and finally careened over and went down in a very few minutes from the time he first noticed the vessel. Two or three other persons on the eastern shore, all at different points of observation, tell stories of the disaster that fully bear out those told by Smith and Kane. The tug Alert, of this port, went down the harbor about 10 o'clock, but did not see the vessel. The alert of the extremely heavy sea and wind could not go outside. She saw nothing in the way of wreckage, however. When the Manhattan sank the tide was setting full out into the sound, and whatever wreckage there may have been would go directly out to sea. Late Sunday afternoon quantities of lumber and what looked like cabin timbers came ashore near Light House point.

The Manhattan was a steam propeller of the third class in the revenue marine service, 170 tons, carrying one gun. The shores are being patrolled in search of bodies, but none have been discovered yet.

WASHINGTON CITY, Nov. 8.—The steamer Manhattan, which is reported to have foundered off New Haven Sunday morning, is a revenue cutter. The chief of the revenue marine says she was a stanch screw steamer of about 125 tons, and carried a crew of twenty-five men. She was commanded by Lieut. D. F. Tzier, who is regarded as one of the ablest officers in the service, and it is believed by the chief of the revenue marine that she could not have foundered unless as the result of some accident. The other officers of the Manhattan were: Second Lieut. W. S. Holland, executive officer; Third Lieut. J. C. Harris; engineer, James Ogden; and Assistant Engineer Wilkes Peckirk.

**A scheme to settle the Fishery Question.** OTTAWA, Nov. 8.—The ministry have been considering plans for some time for settling the fishery question. A scheme was suggested for the appointment of a commission of five, two chosen by Canada for Great Britain, two by the United States and one by France, which shall settle all questions arising for twenty years. It is proposed that after July 1 next the fishing grounds of Canada, Newfoundland and the United States shall be open to the inhabitants of either country. This plan is approved of by the cabinet, and the minister of fisheries will be signed upon. At present it is meeting Canada more to protect the fisheries than the fish caught by American vessels are worth.

**Prison Reformers in Council.** ATLANTA, Ga., Nov. 8.—The National Prison Reform association assembled here Saturday night at 8 o'clock with a good attendance of members from all parts of the country. The open house was crowded with an audience representing all parts of Georgia. Ex-Governor Bullock, of Georgia, made the opening address as a resident director of the association. He was followed by Governor McDaniel and Hyatt, in addresses of welcome. Ex-President Hayes, the president of the association, delivered an address on the improvement in methods of treating the criminal classes.

**Brutal Fight Over Politics.** WASHING, Ind., Nov. 8.—A bloody and fatal election row is reported from Xenia, a small town fourteen miles south of the city, between two prominent local politicians, John Shaw and James Fennell. Shaw is a Republican and Fennell a Democrat. The trouble grew out of alleged election frauds. Fennell was killed when Fennell succeeded in knocking Shaw down and stamping on his face until it was reduced to pulp. Fennell hastily left town, leaving his victim for dead. Officers are hot on the track of Fennell.

**The Harvard Anniversary.** BOSTON, Nov. 8.—Sunday was the 200th anniversary of the foundation of Harvard College. It was celebrated by a meeting in Appleton chapel, at which addresses were made by Rev. S. G. Prebster, President Dwight of Yale, and others. A core of 1,000, and at night there were more addresses. President McGill, of Princeton, presided at Sunday night's meeting.

**Denounced the Chicago Verdict.** BIRMINGHAM, Nov. 8.—At a social meeting at Solo Sunday specialties were made and resolutions passed denouncing the condemnation to death of the Chicago anarchists, and hinting at a conflict on Nov. 6.

**London Socialists Will Meet Anyhow.** LONDON, Nov. 8.—The Socialists have decided to meet in Trafalgar square on Tuesday next, despite the proclamation by the authorities.

**Food for Consumptives.** Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil with Hypophosphites, is a most wonderful food. It not only gives strength and increases the flesh, but it cures the irritation of the throat and lungs, palatable as milk, and to all wasting diseases, both for adults and children, is a marvelous food and medicine.

**Advice to Mothers.** Mrs. Winslow's Baby Food should always be used for children's feeding. It soothes the child, softens the stools, allows all pain, cures colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhea, &c., &c. a bottle.

A SWINDLER does not refer possible purchasers to his victims. The Athlaphores Co. gladly refers sufferers from rheumatism, neuralgia, sciatica, nervous or sick headache, kidney and liver complaints to those who have been cured of these diseases by Athlaphores, and will furnish names and addresses of many such persons to those desiring them. Athlaphores is the only remedy for these diseases that can stand such a test.

Manchester, Wis. I have suffered more or less with rheumatism, neuralgia, sciatica, kidney and liver complaints for many years. For the past year the trouble has constantly increased so that for a month I could not cross myself, could not get up from my chair without help. From my head to my feet every cord and muscle was stiff and sore. During this time I used various remedies all to no purpose, and continued to grow worse. My attention being called to Athlaphores I procured a bottle. I took five doses then slept easily till eight o'clock A. M. I got up and dressed myself and walked out without a cane. I was astonished at the result, could hardly realize that it had produced such an effect. I am getting to be an old man (72). I don't suppose it will make me a young man, but will help the lamp of life to burn down calmly.

Samuel Barstow.

Manchester, Wis. I have derived more benefit from Athlaphores than any other medicine I have ever taken. I have been troubled with inflammatory rheumatism for about ten years, at times I was helpless, have tried all the medicine I could hear of, but found no cure, until I got a bottle of Athlaphores. After taking one-half of it I have not been bothered since. Geo. Galloway.

Every druggist should keep Athlaphores and Athlaphores Pills, but where they cannot be bought of the druggist the Athlaphores Co., 112 Wall St., New York, will send either carriage paid on receipt of regular price, which is \$1.00 per bottle for Athlaphores and 50c. for Pills.

For liver and kidney diseases, dyspepsia, indigestion, weakness, nervous debility, diseases of women, constipation, headache, impure blood, &c., Athlaphores Pills are unequalled.

**GENERAL MERCHANDISE.** Nos. 12 & 14 River Street. No. 1234 Gilded with.

**DRY GOODS!** HATS, CAPS AND LADIES' & GENTS' UNDERWEAR. No. 14 is devoted to.

**HARDWARE!** My stock is a general stock and as I sell strictly for CASH, my prices are extremely low. Call at the Cash Variety Store.

**Fall Woolens** FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC, MADE TO ORDER. PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES!

**HATS, CAPS AND Gents' Furnishings** in great variety.

**W. C. HOLMES** West end of Milwaukee street bridge, Janesville, Wis.

**Wall Paper!** DECORATIONS! NO CHARGE FOR TRIMMING. Having opened a new and carefully selected stock of the above, shall be pleased to show goods and give estimates for.

**DECORATING** Paper Hanging, PAINTING, GRaining, ETC. Also dealer in PAINTS, OILS & GLASS.

MIXED PAINTS IN LARGE OR SMALL QUANTITIES. E. J. KENT. P. O. Box 1218. Opposite Bank, River St.

**I SAY, FRIEND!** Can you tell me where I can find the following sound old companies?

Connecticut of Hartford, Conn. American of New York City of London. Queen of Liverpool, England. St. Paul & N. O. of St. P. Minn. Union of California. Merchants of Newark, N. J. North British and Mercantile, of London, England.

I know each of them has more than ONE MILLION OF SOLID ASSETS. And are known for fair dealing. Yes, Sir, all of them are in the office of MARK RIPLEY.

Onposite Rock County National Bank.

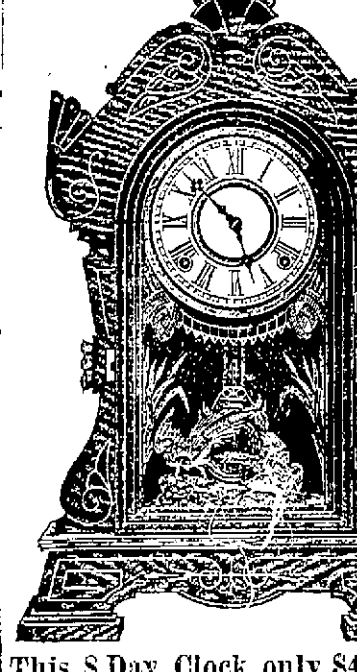
**Stoves!** STOVES. STOVES.

The Celebrated WEST POINT square parlor Heater and Gold Coin Stoves; also the "FAVORITE RANGE" the Best Cook Stove on earth. They are all now at our store, 24-26 Main St. HANCHETT & SHELDON.

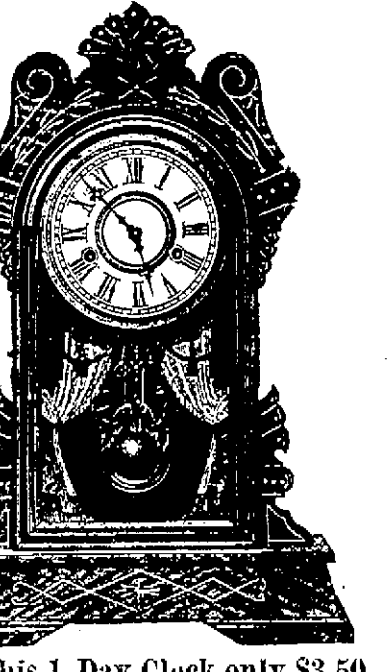
**LADIES' MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S SHOES.** Fine Kid, Pebble Goat and Oil Grain, HARD PAN PRICES. L. L. CLARKE.

Opposite Kimball & Lowell's Hardware store.

## Fred H. Fellows!

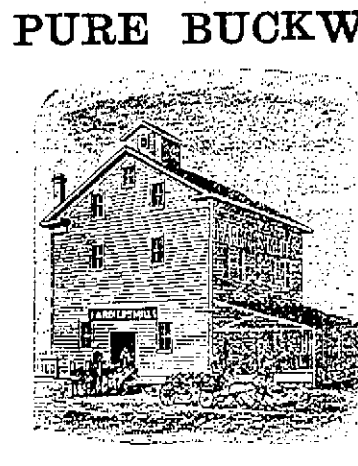


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This 8 Day Clock only \$4.00 Call and see them. This 1 Day Clock only \$3.50

Here is a Plum! PURE BUCKWHEAT FLOUR! Graham Flour AND Corn Meal FOR FAMILY USE; ALSO All Kinds of Feed. Sold in large or small lots at Farmers Mills, Janesville, by NOBROSS & DOTY.



**G. Cogswell & Co's.** LADIES' \$5 AND \$6 Hand Sewed Fine Shoes! FRENCH KID, CURACOA KID, CURACOA ST. GRAIN, AND OUR SPECIALTY THE Leinad Kid, FOR TENDER FEET. EXCELS IN STYLE FIT AND DURABILITY. EVERY PAIR WARRANTED. G. COGSWELL & CO. Two doors west of the postoffice.

**Wheolock's Crockery Store!** English Print Ware. 12 Dinner plates \$1.50 12 Breakfast plates 1.25 12 Tea plates 1.00 12 Sauce plates .75 12 Individual butter plates 1.00 12 Plates, 10c. \$1.25 12 Salad, boat shapes 1.50 12 Pitchers 1.00 12 Oval deep dishes 1.50 12 Square deep dishes 1.50 12 Gravy boat 1.50 12 Pickle dish 1.50 12 Covered butter dishes 2.00 12 Two covered dishes 2.00 12 One lid, 12 small cups and saucers 2.00 12 Ected bowls 2.00 12 Tea plates 2.00 12 Picnic 2.00

Over Fifty Dinner and Tea Sets, New, Pretty and Cheap.

**Wall Paper!** DECORATIONS! NO CHARGE FOR TRIMMING. Having opened a new and carefully selected stock of the above, shall be pleased to show goods and give estimates for.

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I know each of them has more than ONE MILLION OF SOLID ASSETS. And are known for fair dealing. Yes, Sir, all of them are in the office of MARK RIPLEY.

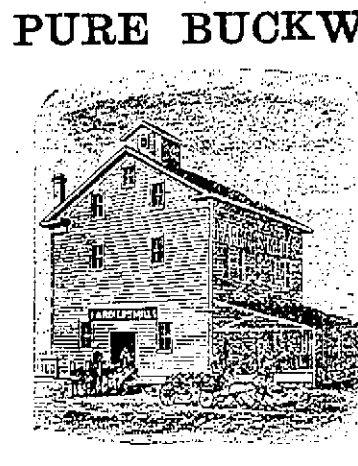
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**LADIES' MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S SHOES.** Fine Kid, Pebble Goat and Oil Grain, HARD PAN PRICES. L. L. CLARKE.

Opposite Kimball & Lowell's Hardware store.



**G. Cogswell & Co's.** LADIES' \$5 AND \$6 Hand Sewed Fine Shoes! FRENCH KID, CURACOA KID, CURACOA ST. GRAIN, AND OUR SPECIALTY THE Leinad Kid, FOR TENDER FEET. EXCELS IN STYLE FIT AND DURABILITY. EVERY PAIR WARRANTED. G. COGSWELL & CO. Two doors west of the postoffice.

**Wheolock's Crockery Store!** English Print Ware. 12 Dinner plates \$1.50 12 Breakfast plates 1.25 12 Tea plates 1.00 12 Sauce plates .75 12 Individual butter plates 1.00 12 Plates, 10c. \$1.25 12 Salad, boat shapes 1.50 12 Pitchers 1.00 12 Oval deep dishes 1.50 12 Square deep dishes 1.50 12 Gravy boat 1.50 12 Pickle dish 1.50 12 Covered butter dishes 2.00 12 Two covered dishes 2.00 12 One lid, 12 small cups and saucers 2.00 12 Ected bowls 2.00 12 Tea plates 2.00 12 Picnic 2.00

Over Fifty Dinner and











# THE GAZETTE.

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 8.

The Daily Gazette will be delivered by carrier in Evansville every evening at 7 o'clock except Sunday, for 12 cents a week. F. W. TOLLES, Agent.

## LOCAL MATTERS.

FOR SALE—A good family horse, sound and reliable. WM. CANNON.

On and after this date all purchasers of postage stamps at Heintz's, will be furnished with chewing gum free.

Flowers that bloom in the spring are in bloom now. Thirst for their place with waxen face "Ophelia."

To Rent—A desirable suite of rooms for light housekeeping, located on South Main street. For particulars enquire at this office.

A good two story house to rent. Call at 53 South Jackson St.

No use talking, no use talking, blunderer who alone: Awake! Arise! be wealthy and wise by using our "Cyclone."

Having returned from my western trip am now ready to receive calls from any one needing my services.

Mrs. S. J. EXMANS, Nurse, 59 South Jackson St.

Don't kill our poet, the devil will know it and groan; He'll make you play a year and a day for "Ophelia."

We claim the lowest prices for strictly first-class newspapers, short wraps and jackets. BORT, BAILEY & CO.

For Rent—Two rooms on first floor, furnished or unfurnished. Enquire at 57 South Jackson street.

Homemade candy, chocolate creams and caramels at Gollings. Chairs and tables furnished for evening parties.

Five black and colored cashmere hose on sale very cheap, at Archie Reid's special sale Saturday, November 8th.

Six bars telephone soap 25 cents. East end. BRACE & BROWN.

The oysters served by Skinner are popular everywhere.

Buy your winter hose at Archie Reid's special sale, and save money.

1836 new Figs, Elvira, Smyrna, Alicante Figs at Dennison's.

For Sale—A good new horse and four lots, located on St. Mary's avenue, near the railroad. Enquire on the premises of Mrs. Elizabeth Barty.

Refreshments served at evening parties by Skinner.

Lots in the first ward for sale cheap and on long terms. A. M. VALENTINE.

WANTED—By reliable young man attending our school, place to work mornings, evenings and Saturdays, for his board. VALENTINE BROS.

Gloves and mitts at cost for the next 30 days at Brace & Brown's.

Woolery, Woolery, Woolery! Special sale of sample wool hosiery at half price, at Archie Reid's, Saturday November 6.

Buy your gasoline of Munger & Osburn. Sold only by day light.

All wise young men buy nose but Skinner's candy.

\$900 buys a horse and two good lots in second ward, centrally located and within two blocks of street cars. Come at once to secure a bargain.

C. E. BOWLES.

Your choice of the choicest cantines at Dennison's.

Oysters in bulk or case, fresh every day; choice cigars and hot meals at all hours, at Gollings.

California Plums, Pears, Grapes and Quinces at Dennison's.

C. E. Bowles has money to loan.

The best place in the city to buy groceries is at Brace & Brown's. Their stock is always fresh and well selected and prices the lowest.

Plenty of Michigan apples for sale cheap. Call and see them. East end grocery. BRACE & BROWN.

Attend the special hosiery sale at Archie Reid's, Saturday, November 8th.

Winter boots and shoes, cheap for cash two doors west of Postoffice.

G. COSWELL & CO.

A big purchase of dress goods from importers closing sale, all to be sold at a very low price. Everybody should see them. BORT, BAILEY & CO.

Do not forget the date of Archie Reid's special sale of hose, Saturday, Nov. 8th.

We call particular attention to our stock of misses' and children's New Markets and Havelocks. We have made large additions to this stock and are now showing a full line of sizes in all grades of material at a very low price.

BORT, BAILEY & CO.

Go to T. J. Zeigler for boys suits children's suits, business suits and underware.

The largest and best line of overcoats in the city at T. J. Zeigler's.

A large black walnut bookcase and secretary, suitable for office use, at the old reliable second hand store of S. F. Sanborn, 59 North Main St.

A new supply of ladies hand bags embracing a great variety of beautiful styles, at Sutherland's bookstore.

The best stock and greatest variety of tailor made dress suits ever offered in Evansville at T. J. Zeigler's.

For Rent—Large first class house and barn with eight acres of land if desired. H. H. BLANCHARD.

Children's flannel waists cheaper than the raw material at T. J. Zeigler's.

\$1,000 will buy a good house and two fine lots in 1st ward, three blocks from the street railway. H. H. BLANCHARD.

Valuable encyclopedias, and sets of standard works, cheap at Sutherland's.

Skiff hats in latest styles and in great variety at T. J. Zeigler's.

## COMMENCING YOUNG.

We wandered in the moonlight And where the shadows fell I stooped and softly kissed her— And swore I'd never tell.

That kiss was peach and nectar, A draught of honeyed wine— Though I was only loved And Fannie was but mine.

For when in introduction On hyacinths I dwelt No kiss can equal Fannie's Where the dusky shadows fell.

—Gleadow San.

## CRIMINALS.

The board of supervisors assembled at two o'clock to-morrow afternoon. Sale of underwear this week.

N. Y. SAVING STONE.

The board of water commissioners will hold a regular weekly meeting this evening.

The awning in front of T. F. Murray's building on Main street has, like the democratic figure, been taken down.

—Jamesville Lodge No. 53, A. F. and A. M., assemble in regular session to-morrow evening at Masonic hall.

Crystal Temple of Honor No. 32 assemble in regular weekly session this evening—lodge room in the Judd block, North Main street.

A large number of people visited the railway camp at "Three-mile Creek" yesterday, to inspect the high bridge and note the progress of the grading.

According to dispatches received in the city to-day, a general strike at Chicago has closed all the packing houses and pork is expected to go down in consequence.

—It is rumored that a Jansville gentleman who is now sojourning in the quaint old town of Glasgow will soon return to his Wisconsin home with a fair Scotch lassie to double his joy and divide his sorrow.

—There will be an adjourned meeting of the Business Men's Association at their rooms this evening. A full attendance is desired as important matters will be considered.

O. W. EMMS, Secretary.

Sale of woolen hosiery this week—immense bargains at 25, 35 and 50 cents, including every kind, size and color of ladies', gents' and children's hose. Fully 25 per cent. under regular prices.

N. Y. SAVING STONE.

The funeral of Phena Otto, who died from typhoid fever at the home of her brother, Theodore Otto, in this city, this morning, Rev. Joseph Solbert, of the German Lutheran church, officiating, and at the close the remains were taken to Johnsons Creek for interment.

Special clearing sale of trimmed hats and bonnets this week at N. Y. Saving Stone. Misses school hats at 75c, trimmed hats from \$1.25. Elegant trimmed hats and bonnets at bare cost of material. Immense assortment of fancy fashions at one-half former prices.

—Two very powerful sermons were preached by the Rev. H. W. Spaulding at Christ church yesterday. After twenty-four years spent in other pulpits Mr. Spaulding has returned to his former charge, being welcomed by all. His addresses both morning and evening were large and appreciative.

—The character of Nehemiah, as a statesman, when he held the position of prime minister to the king of Israel, and the topics growing out of this were the subjects of the bible reading at the Congressional church last evening. By Mrs. Stacy, the subject was given new life and the audience listened to her discourse with much interest.

—Early this morning after a brief illness the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Cecil Church, passed to the other shore—the flower that had lent its sweetness to earth for so short a time was taken to be a part of that fairer garland, the garland that never fades. The funeral will be held to-morrow afternoon at two o'clock, from the home of the parents, just west of the city, the Rev. Joseph White officiating.

—Next Saturday afternoon there is expected to be a convention of the Young People's society of Christian Endeavor in this city. The intention is to find out what the society in this part of the state is doing and thus get suggestions for the winter's work. A very interesting programme has been arranged, and one of the plans proposed is that of a union meeting on Sunday evening at which a service especially for the young people will be held.

—There was a very fair attendance at the temperance meeting in the Presbyterian church yesterday afternoon. Between the different parts of the exercise in which paragraphs from the Scriptures relating to temperance were read. Mr. A. J. Glass gave a few statistics on the liquor traffic in Jansville and Col. N. Smith responded to a request for a few words upon "The tyranny of appetite."

Mrs. F. B. Stacy also made some remarks upon the subject under discussion. Rev. Dr. Hodge and Rev. T. D. Peake were to have spoken but they excused themselves because of the late hour.

I have found nothing like Dr. Seth Arnold's Cough Syrup to take on retching when I was harassed with a cough and wanted an undisturbed refreshing sleep. Robert Chisham, Pawtucket, K. I.

## PERSONAL.

—Mrs. P. R. Pechin, of Huron Dakota, is visiting friends in this city.

—H. S. Elder starts out on the road to-morrow morning in the interests of L. B. Carle & Co's. leaf tobacco ware house.

—O. H. Brand is in Chicago to-day, having gone there to meet his wife who has been spending three months in New York.

—Mrs. J. H. Balch returned Saturday evening from an extended visit in Michigan and western New York. Miss Susie Beedo, her niece returned with her and will spend the winter with Mr. and Mrs. Balch.

—The sweetest thing that ever grew beside a human door was little May until she took to having headaches. For a time she lost her beauty, but one bright day her papa bought a bottle of Dr. Jones' Cough Syrup. The headache, cold, and all she is as sweet and pretty as ever.

A four-button real kid glove—bought to call at \$125, going this week at 95 cents. N. Y. SAVING STONE.

## THE OFFICIAL TOWNS.

The Republicans majority in Rock County

The board of canvassers of Rock county consisting of W. F. Williams, county clerk, C. L. Valentine, register of deeds, and Chas. Horn, supervisor for the fourth ward, completed the county canvass this morning, and we publish below the vote given the several candidates together with the pluralities. The first candidates named in each instance is the republican

the second the democrat, the third the prohibition, the fourth the labor. Others, with the exception of Mr. Stoney in the Third assembly district, are properly classed as scattering. Notwithstanding this to be an off year, the republicans give their candidates very good majorities.

Senator A. P. Lovejoy goes into the senate with over 2,000, Gov. Rank with over 2,000, and Congressman Caswell with over 2,000, and Sheriff Ward with over 1,800. The democrats boasted that the vote on sheriff would be close, and chances in favor of McGavock, their candidate. The official vote as disclosed this morning is:

	Total.	Plurality.
Governor—	4,941	2,215
Rank	2,045	
McGavock	784	
Stoney	284	
General Assembly—	4,941	
Rank	2,045	2,067
McGavock	784	
Stoney	284	
County Clerk—	4,941	
Williams	2,045	1,972
Valentine	784	
Horn	284	
County Register of Deeds—	4,941	
Valentine	2,045	2,150
Williams	784	
Horn	284	
County Supervisor—	4,941	
Horn	2,045	2,150
Williams	784	
Valentine	284	
County Sheriff—	4,941	
Ward	2,045	1,972
McGavock	784	
Stoney	284	
County Treasurer—	4,941	
Ward	2,045	1,972
McGavock	784	
Stoney	284	
County Assessor—	4,941	
Ward	2,045	1,972
McGavock	784	
Stoney	284	
County Coroner—	4,941	
Ward	2,045	1,972
McGavock	784	
Stoney	284	
County Jailor—	4,941	
Ward	2,045	1,972
McGavock	784	
Stoney	284	
County Constable—	4,941	
Ward	2,045	1,972
McGavock	784	
Stoney	284	

Physic is necessary at times for Biliousness, Constipation, etc. Use Dr. Arnold's Bilious Pills. 25c.

The Criminal Cases that will come up for trial this term

After the resolution upon Judge Amos P. Prichard's death had been offered this morning, the court at once proceeded to call the criminal calendar. It was found that the following cases will be ready for trial at this term:

State against George W. Ford and Martin Dunn.

State against Lightfoot and Beaver.

State against Dr. Clara L. Jenkins.

State against E. W. Lowell.

State against Thomas Madden.

State against John L. Ryan.

## A RIGHTEOUS MEMORY.

When the circuit court opened this morning a majority of the members of the Rock County Bar Association were present. Outside the rail wore the family of the late Amos P. Prichard; a number of relatives and many of his friends not of the legal profession.

Immediately upon the opening of court, A. A. Jackson as president of the county bar association arose and presented the resolutions adopted at the time of Judge Prichard's death. In conclusion, after a biography of the deceased, he said:

"Judge Prichard's mental endowment and his right to the respect and admiration of his fellow men have long and singularly fitted him for the discharge of the duties of the responsible office to which he was so early called. Surrounded by New England hills and New England people, he developed a strong and vigorous manhood. This product of New England life and culture he brought to us. He was by nature an honest man. The principles of right and justice were deeply implanted in his nature. Many a loved person to him, a friend and a neighbor, has been saved from error and wrong and injustice, that often fall from his lips.

The residence of Judge Prichard in this state covers almost the period of his life. He was a native of New England, and his life has been a life of study and of the duties of the responsible office to which he was so early called. Surrounded by New England hills and New England people, he developed a strong and vigorous manhood. This product of New England life and culture he brought to us. He was by nature an honest man. The principles of right and justice were deeply implanted in his nature. Many a loved person to him, a friend and a neighbor, has been saved from error and wrong and injustice, that often fall from his lips.

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It is largely, however, wholly, through the influence of such men that our state has become so great a blessing to its people, and so honorable a member of the great community of states that make up our nation. We must not forget to recognize, and can never discharge the great debt that we owe to the wise and brave men and women who organized this state and conducted it safely through its early years.

"How often we find the great fact of death. How often it stands in contact with life. How the decease of our friend brings it home to us. Yesterday, a life to-day an example to emulate, a living fact, a loved person to him, a friend and a neighbor, has been saved from error and wrong and injustice, that often fall from his lips.

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## THE GREAT STRIKE AT THE STOCK YARDS.

The State Militia ordered to the scene of trouble.

CHICAGO, Nov. 8.—At seven o'clock two hundred members of the first regiment and one hundred and fifty of the second regiment were at their armories. At 10:25, the men arrived at the Lake Shore depot and under the eyes of General Fitzsimmons, lifted seven cars of a special train. Barracks for the militia have been prepared at J. C. Ferguson's parking house. Everything is perfectly quiet at the stock yards.

Time is money, but health is happiness. If you have a cold or cough use Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. It will cure you every time. Price 25 cents.

## ARRIVED IN SAFETY.

Special to the Gazette.

CHICAGO, Nov. 8.—The Rev. Dr. J. C. Ferguson, which was reported lost, arrived here yesterday afternoon. She leaves to-day on